

EXHIBIT G

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

LUCENT TECHNOLOGIES INC.,
Plaintiff and Counterclaim-defendant,
v.

GATEWAY, INC. and GATEWAY
COUNTRY STORES LLC, GATEWAY
COMPANIES, INC., GATEWAY
MANUFACTURING LLC and
COWABUNGA ENTERPRISES, INC.,

Defendants and Counter-claimants,
and

MICROSOFT CORPORATION,
Intervenor and Counter-claimant,

MICROSOFT CORPORATION,
Plaintiff and Counterclaim-defendant,
v.

LUCENT TECHNOLOGIES INC.,
Defendant and Counter-claimant

LUCENT TECHNOLOGIES INC.,
Plaintiff,
v.
DELL, INC.,
Defendant.

Civil No: 02CV2060-B(CAB)
consolidated with
Civil No: 03CV0699-B (CAB) and
Civil No: 03CV1108-B (CAB)

**AMENDED AND SUPERCEDING
PARTIAL JUDGMENT REGARDING
U.S. PATENT NOS. 5,341,457 AND RE
39,080 ONLY FOLLOWING SUMMARY
JUDGMENT, JURY TRIAL AND POST-
TRIAL MOTIONS.**

**THIS PARTIAL JUDGMENT IS
CERTIFIED FOR IMMEDIATE
APPEAL UNDER FRCP 54(b)
REGARDING U.S. PATENT NOS.
5,341,457 AND RE 39,080 ONLY.**

**THESE CONSOLIDATED CASES ARE
NOT TERMINATED BY THIS PARTIAL
JUDGMENT.**

1 The instant judgment **AMENDS** and **SUPERCEDES** the Court's partial judgment
2 of April 30, 2007.

3 The instant matter concerns two patents, U.S. Patent No. 5,341,457 ("the '457
4 patent") and U.S. Patent No. RE 39,080 ("the '080 patent"). This matter came before the
5 Court on January 4, 2007, for summary judgment. The Court granted Lucent's motion for
6 summary adjudication of no invalidity for indefiniteness of the '457 and the '080 patents
7 and no broadening reissue as to the '080 patent. The Court also granted summary
8 adjudication on Lucent's motion pertaining to Microsoft's affirmative defenses on both
9 patents as follows: no patent exhaustion and implied license arising therefrom, no equitable
10 estoppel/waiver and implied license arising therefrom, no patent misuse and no laches.

11 Thereafter, on January 29, 2007, the matter came on for jury trial and was submitted
12 to the jury on February 15, 2007. On February 22, 2007, the jury returned a verdict of
13 infringement in favor of Lucent, finding that Microsoft's Windows Media Player 10 and
14 Windows Media Player with Cyberlink plug-in infringed claims 1, 5, and 10 of the '457
15 patent by inducing infringement and contributory infringement both within and outside the
16 United States. The jury also found that Microsoft's Windows Media Player 6.1 through 9,
17 10, and 11 and Windows Media Player with Cyberlink plug-in infringed claims 1, 3, and 4
18 of the '080 patent by inducing infringement and contributory infringement both within and
19 outside the United States. The jury further found that the '080 patent was not invalid on the
20 grounds of anticipation, obviousness, no error warranting reissue and inventorship. On the
21 issue of damages, the jury awarded Plaintiff Lucent the amount of \$769,028,351.00 for
22 infringement of the '457 patent and \$769,028,351.00 for infringement of the '080 patent.
23 The jury did not reach a verdict on willful infringement. On February 22, 2007, the Court
24 granted Microsoft's motion for judgment as a matter of law of no willful infringement.

25 Several additional issues came before the Court to determine as non-jury issues:
26 ownership, license, recapture, intervening rights, inequitable conduct, and standing. As set
27 forth in the Court's Order of March 19, 2007, the Court found the following: Lucent is the
28

1 sole owner of the '080 patent and has standing to bring the instant suit; the defense of
2 license for the '080 patent is not available to Microsoft; the '080 patent is not invalid for
3 recapture; and Microsoft is not entitled to any intervening rights. In its Order of March 27,
4 2007, the Court ruled that there was no inequitable conduct regarding the '080 patent. In its
5 Order of April 27, 2007, the Court found that Lucent had standing to sue for infringement of
6 the '457 patent.

7 Following the jury verdict and the Court's ruling on the non-jury issues, the Court
8 issued a partial judgment under Fed. R. Civ. P. 54(b) on April 30, 2007. Microsoft then
9 brought two post-trial motions, a motion for judgment as a matter of law and a motion for
10 new trial. The Court issued an order on these motions on August 6, 2007. The Court
11 granted judgment as a matter of law of no infringement of the '457 patent. The Court ruled
12 that as to the '080 patent, as a matter of law, Lucent was not the sole owner of the patent.
13 Therefore, Lucent lacked standing to sue on this patent. Additionally, because Fraunhofer is
14 a co-owner of the '080 patent, and Microsoft has a license to the '080 patent from
15 Fraunhofer, the defense of license for the '080 patent also is available to Microsoft.
16 Therefore, Microsoft is not liable for any infringement on the '080 patent. The Court also
17 ruled in the alternative, as a matter of law that Microsoft is not liable for inducing
18 infringement of the '080 patent. Also, in the alternative, the Court granted judgment as a
19 matter of law that the jury's verdict on damages for any infringement of the '457 and '080
20 patents was not supported by sufficient evidence and thereby vacated the jury's damage
21 award.

22 In keeping with this recent order, the Court now **AMENDS AND SUPERCEDES** its
23 prior judgment and enters judgment herein as follows:

- 24 1. Lucent lacks standing to bring suit on the '080 patent against Microsoft.
- 25 2. The defense of license for the '080 patent is available to Microsoft and it is
26 not liable for any infringement of the '080 patent. Therefore, as a matter of
27 law, Microsoft's Windows Media Player 6.1 through 9, 10, and 11 and
28

1 Windows Media Player with the Cyberlink plug-in encoder do not infringe
2 claims 1, 3, and 4 of the '080 patent by inducing infringement and
3 contributory infringement either within or outside the United States;

4 3. The '080 patent is not invalid on the asserted grounds of anticipation,
5 inventorship, obviousness, indefiniteness, broadening reissue, no error
6 warranting reissue and recapture;

7 4. Microsoft is not entitled to any intervening rights;

8 5. There was no inequitable conduct with respect to the '080 patent;

9 6. Lucent has standing with regards to the '457 patent;

10 7. As a matter of law, Lucent failed to prove any direct infringement of claims 1,
11 5, and 10 of the '457 patent by Microsoft's Windows Media Player 10 and
12 Windows Media Player with the Cyberlink plug-in encoder, therefore
13 Microsoft is not liable for inducing infringement and contributory
14 infringement either within or outside the United States with respect to the '457
15 patent;

16 8. The '457 patent is not invalid on the asserted grounds of indefiniteness;

17 9. Microsoft did not willfully infringe the '457 or '080 patents;

18 10. The following defenses are not available to Microsoft: patent exhaustion and
19 implied license arising therefrom; equitable estoppel/waiver and implied
20 license arising therefrom; patent misuse; and laches.

21 11. Because Microsoft has no liability for infringement of either the '457 or the
22 '080 patent, Lucent is not entitled to damages from Microsoft. Therefore, the
23 jury's award of damages as set forth in this Court's prior judgment in the
24 amount of \$769,028,351.00 for infringement of the '457 patent and
25 \$769,028,351.00 for infringement of the '080 patent is **VACATED**;

26 //


27 //

28 //

//

1 The Court finds that there is no just reason for delay and upon an express direction
2 for the entry of judgment, the Court therefore enters final judgment on these patents under
3 Fed. R. Civ. P. 54(b). Now, therefore, it is hereby **ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND**
4 **DECREED** that judgment is entered in favor of Microsoft and against Lucent. Lucent shall
5 bear the costs of suit. This judgment terminates the action as it pertains to U.S. Patent Nos.
6 5,341,457 and RE 39,080; it shall not terminate the action as to any other patents in this
7 consolidated case.

8
9
10 DATED: August 6, 2007

11 
12 Hon. Rudi M. Brewster
13 United States Senior District Court Judge

14 cc: Hon. Cathy Ann Bencivengo
15 United States Magistrate Judge

16 All Counsel of Record
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28